

In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200

BOSTIK(R) GLIDECOTE

**Revision Number** 3

Revision date 15-Feb-2024 Supersedes Date: 13-Mar-2020

1. Identification		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product Name	BOSTIK(R) GLIDECOTE	
<u>Other means of identification</u> Other information	Not applicable	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against	-
Recommended use Restrictions on use	Lubricant No information available	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the sa	fety data sheet	
Responsible Party Bostik Inc. 11320 W. Watertown Plank Road Wauwatosa, Wisconsin 53226 USA Phone: +1(800) 726-7845 (Domestic Phone: +1 (414) 774-2250 (Internatio		
E-mail	msds@bostik.com	
<u>1.4. Emergency telephone number</u> Emergency Telephone	CHEMTREC (Chemical Transportation Emergency Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 (US) , 1-703-527-384 <b>Rocky Mountain Poison Center:</b> 1-866-767-50	37 (Outside U.S.)
2. Hazard(s) identification		
2.1. Classification of the substance	or mixture	
Skin corrosion/irritation		Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation		Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single ev	(DOSURE)	Category 3

Specific larger organ loxicity (single exposure)	
Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Gases Under Pressure	Compressed gas

### Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

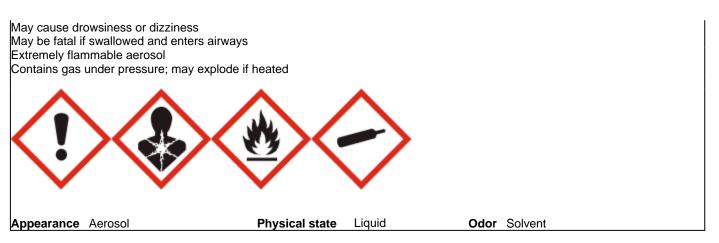
#### 2.2. Label elements

# Danger

Hazard	statements
Causes	skin irritation
Causes	serious eye irritation

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

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### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

### **Precautionary Statements - Response**

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor Do NOT induce vomiting

### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F Protect from sunlight

#### **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

25 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

#### 2.3. Other Information

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or through use, the formation of a explosive/highly flammable mixture is possible. May be harmful if swallowed.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable. US - EN

### Mixture

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Acetone	67-64-1	30 - 60
Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate	64741-66-8	7 - <13
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	540-84-1	5 - <10
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy, <0.1%	64742-48-9	1 - <5
Benzene		

\*The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret

# 4. First-aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice	Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is required.		
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur.		
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Skin contact	In case of contact with liquefied gas, thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.		
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF SWALLOWED - CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention.		
Self-protection of the first aider	Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.		
4.2. Most important symptoms and e	effects, both acute and delayed		
Symptoms	Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Burning sensation. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.		
Effects of Exposure	No information available.		
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed			
Note to physicians	Because of the danger of aspiration, emesis or gastric lavage should not be employed unless the risk is justified by the presence of additional toxic substances.		

5. Fire-fighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable Extinguishing Media	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Large Fire	and the surrounding environment. CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the	e substance or mixture	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket.	
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon oxides.	
Explosion data Sensitivity to mechanical impac	et Yes.	
Sensitivity to static discharge	Yes.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.	
6. Accidental release meas	sures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protectiv	ve equipment and emergency procedures	
Personal precautions	Contents under pressure. Use personal protective equipment as required. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. See section 8 for more information.	
Other information	Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.	
6.2. Environmental precautions		
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not allow into any sewer, on the ground or into any body of water. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.	

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off floor.

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Methods for cleaning up	Use personal protective equipment as required. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.
Reference to other sections	See section 8 for more information. See section 13 for more information.

# 7. Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Contents under pressure. Use personal protection equipment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapors). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Do not puncture or incinerate cans. In case of rupture. Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture or weld containers. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage ConditionsStore locked up. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.<br/>Protect from sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e.,<br/>pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not<br/>store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in<br/>accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local<br/>regulations. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials. Keep/store<br/>only in original container. Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

## 7.3 References to other sections

Reference to other sections	Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
	Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

**Exposure Limits** 

The following ingredients are the only ingredients of the product above the cut-off level (or level that contributes to the hazard classification of the mixture) which have an exposure limit applicable in the region for which this safety data sheet is intended or other recommended limit. At this time, the other relevant constituents have no known exposure limits from the sources listed here.

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
Acetone	TWA: 250 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm		IDLH: 2500 ppm
67-64-1	STEL: 500 ppm	TWA: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 250 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 750 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		(vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-

		(vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		The acetone STEL does not	
		apply to the cellulose acetate	
		fiber industry. It is in effect for all	
		other sectors.	
		(vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 540-84-1	TWA: 300 ppm	-	-
340-64-1			

Chemical name	Argentina	Brazil	Chile	Colombia
Acetone	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 780 ppm	LPP: 438 ppm	STEL: 500ppm
67-64-1	STEL: 750 ppm	TWA: 1870 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 500 ppm	LPP: 1040 mg/m <sup>3</sup> LPT: 750 ppm LPT: 1782 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 250ppm
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 540-84-1	TWA: 300 ppm	TWA: 300 ppm	-	TWA: 300ppm

Chemical name	Costa Rica	Peru	Uruguay	Venezuela
Acetone 67-64-1	TWA: 250ppm STEL: 500ppm	STEL: 750ppm STEL: 1781mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 500ppm TWA: 1187mg/m <sup>3</sup>	500 ppm STEL 250 ppm TWA	STEL: 750 ppm TWA: 500 ppm
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 540-84-1	TWA: 300ppm	-	300 ppm TWA	-

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls	Showers Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.
Individual protection measures, suc	ch as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection	Tight sealing safety goggles. Avoid contact with eyes. If splashes are likely to occur:. Face protection shield.
Hand protection	Wear suitable chemical resistant gloves. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and various manufacturers.
Skin and body protection	Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron. Antistatic boots.
Respiratory protection	Use appropriate respiratory protection. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.
General hygiene considerations	Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance Color Odor Odor threshold	Liquid Aerosol Colorless Solvent No information available	
ouor uneshold		
Property pH pH (as aqueous solution)	<u>Values</u> No data available No data available	Remarks • Method Not applicable Insoluble in water None known
Melting point / freezing point	No data available	None known
Initial boiling point and boiling rang	eNot applicable. Aerosol	Not applicable, Aerosol
Flash point	Not applicable, Aerosol -50.00 °C / -58 °F	
Evaporation rate	No data available	None known
Flammability	No data available	None known
Flammability Limit in Air		None known
Upper flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available	
Vapor pressure	No data available	None known
Relative vapor density	No data available	None known
Relative density	No data available	None known
Water solubility	No data available	None known
Solubility(ies)	No data available	None known
Partition coefficient	No data available	None known
Autoignition temperature	No data available	None known
Decomposition temperature	No data available	None known
Kinematic viscosity	No data available	None known
Dynamic viscosity	No data available	None known
9.2. Other information		
Explosive properties	No information available	
Oxidizing properties	No information available	
Solvent content (%)	No information available	
Solid content (%)	2.3	
Softening point	No information available	
Molecular weight	No information available	
VOC content		No information available
Density	0.800 g/ml	
Bulk density	No information available	

# 10. Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity

No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

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Chemical stability	Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous react	ions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Heat, flames and sparks. Excessive heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Incompatible with oxidizing agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition pro	oducts_

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied

# 11. Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### **Product Information**

Inhalation	Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage. May cause pulmonary edema. Pulmonary edema can be fatal. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eye contact	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. May cause irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. (based on components). May cause redness, itching, and pain.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes skin irritation. (based on components).
Ingestion	Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. May cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Symptoms related to the physical,	chemical and toxicological characteristics
Symptoms	Difficulty in breathing. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Dizziness. Redness. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.
<u>Acute toxicity</u> Numerical measures of toxicity	
The following values are calculated ATEmix (oral) ATEmix (dermal) ATEmix (inhalation-gas) ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) ATEmix (inhalation-vapor)	d based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document 4,500.00 mg/kg 15,351.20 mg/kg 1,352,330.00 ppm 28.80 mg/l 115.4513 mg/l

### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Acetone 67-64-1	=5800 mg/kg (Rattus) 3000 mg/Kg (mouse)	>15800 mg/Kg (Rattus)	=79 mg/l(Rattus) 4 h
Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate 64741-66-8	>7000 mg/kg (Rattus)	> 2000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	>6.31 mg/L (Rattus) 4 h
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane 540-84-1	>5000 mg/kg (Rattus)	> 2000 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	>14.38 mg/L (Rattus) 4 h
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy, <0.1% Benzene 64742-48-9	>6000 mg/kg (Rattus)	> 3160 mg/kg (Oryctolagus cuniculus)	LC50 Vapour (4h) >5020 mg/m³ (Rattus)

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Skin corrosion/irritation

Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes serious eye irritation.

Acetone (67-64-1)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Effective dose	Exposure time	Results
OECD Test No. 405: Acute	Rabbit	eye			irritant
Eye Irritation/Corrosion					

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acetone (67-64-1)

Method	Species	Exposure route	Results
OECD Test No. 406: Skin Sensitization	nGuinea pig	Dermal	Not a skin sensitizer
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.		
STOT - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
STOT - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the o	classification criteria are not me	t.
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Other adverse effects	No information available.		
Interactive effects	No information available.		

# 12. Ecological information

## 12.1. Toxicity

#### Ecotoxicity

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to microorganisms	Crustacea
Acetone 67-64-1	-	LC50 96 h 4.74 - 6.33 mL/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss )	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	EC50 48 h 10294 - 17704 mg/L (Daphnia magna Static)
Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate 64741-66-8	EC50 72 h = 6.4 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	-	-	LC50: =2mg/L (48h, Mysidopsis bahia)
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy, <0.1% Benzene 64742-48-9	EL50 (72h) > 1000 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) OECD 201	LC50: =2200mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	LL50 (48h) > 1000 mg/l (Daphnia magna) OECD 202

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation

There is no data for this product.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
Acetone 67-64-1	-0.24

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility	No information available.
Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	No information available.

13. Disposal considerations	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	

Waste from residues/unused products	Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.
Contaminated packaging	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

# 14. Transport information

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#### Note:

The shipping descriptions shown here are for bulk shipments only, and may not apply to shipments made in non-bulk packages (see regulatory definition). The information shown here, may not always agree with the bill of lading shipping description for the material.

#### DOT

UN number or ID number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Subsidiary hazard class Reportable quantity (Ibs) Reportable Quantity (RQ) Special Provisions DOT Marine Pollutant Marine pollutant Description Emergency Response Guide Number	UN1950 Aerosols 2.1 8 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane: RQ (lb)= 1000.00, Acetone: RQ (lb)= 5000.00 (2,2,4-Trimethylpentane: RQ (kg)= 454.00, Acetone: RQ (kg)= 2270.00) A34 I Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate, 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane UN1950, Aerosols, 2.2 (8) 126
IATA UN number or ID number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Special Provisions Description	UN1950 Aerosols, flammable 2.1 A145, A167, A802 UN1950, Aerosols, flammable, 2.1
IMDG UN number or ID number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) EmS-No. Special Provisions Marine pollutant IMDG Marine Pollutant Name Description	Not regulated UN1950 Aerosols 2.1 F-D, S-U 63,190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959 P Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate, 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane UN1950, Aerosols (Naphtha, petroleum, light alkylate, 2,2,4-Trimethylpentane), 2.1, (-50°C c.c.), Marine pollutant

## 15. Regulatory information

#### International Inventories

TSCA	Listed
DSL	Not Listed

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

**DSL** - Canadian Domestic Substances List

Listed - The components of this product are either listed or exempt from listing on inventory.

Not Listed - One or more components of this product are not listed on inventory.

#### US Federal Regulations

#### SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

## <u>Europe</u>

#### Restrictions of Use of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive 2011/65/EU

This product does not contain Lead, Cadmium, Mercury, Hexavalent chromium, Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE), Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP), Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP), Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) and Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP) above the regulated limit mentioned in this regulation. This document is based on the information given to us by our own suppliers at the date of this document.

#### SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:

This product does not contain candidate substances of very high concern at a concentration >=0.1% (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 59)

# 16. Other information

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

<b>Legend Section</b> TWA Ceiling	8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL TWA (time-weighted average) Maximum limit value	PROTECTION STEL Sk*	STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) Skin designation		
Prepared By	Product Safety & Reg	Product Safety & Regulatory Affairs.			
Revision date	15-Feb-2024				
Revision Note	SDS sections updated	d. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 12.			

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The Company adheres to a strict policy that applies to the use of any of its products in medical device applications. This policy can be found at

https://www.arkema.com/global/en/social-responsibility/innovation-and-sustainable-solutions/responsible-product-mana gement/medical-device-policy/ which is incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof. Except as expressly authorized, the Company (i) has designated specific medical grade compositions for products used in medical device applications and Company products not so designated are not authorized for use in medical device applications and (ii) strictly prohibits the use of any of its products in medical device applications that are implanted in the body or in contact with bodily fluids or tissues for greater than 30 days. The Company does not design, manufacture and/or directly sell any medical devices. The Company does not co-design, or offer assistance to any purchaser of its products, in their design,

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manufacture and/or sale of products for medical devices. It is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer of medical devices to determine the suitability of all raw material, products and components, including any medical grade products, in order to ensure that the medical device is safe for end-use and complies with all applicable legal and regulatory requirements and to conduct all necessary tests and inspections.

End of Safety Data Sheet